

Solution for Homework # 2

1. $P(F) = 0.25$, $P(H) = 0.75$, $P(S) = 0.10$, $P(W) = 0.90$

C = The structure will collapse.

$$P(C|S) = 1.0, P(C|WH) = 1.0, P(C|WF) = 0.5$$

$$P(C|WF) = 0.5$$

$$P(F|C) = P(SF|C) + P(WF|C)$$

$$= \frac{P(C|SF) \cdot P(SF)}{P(C)} + \frac{P(C|WF) \cdot P(WF)}{P(C)}$$

Now,

$$\begin{aligned} P(C) &= P(C|SH) \cdot P(SH) + P(C|SF) \cdot P(SF) \\ &\quad + P(C|WH) \cdot P(WH) + P(C|WF) \cdot P(WF) \\ &= 1.0 \times 0.1 \times 0.75 + 1.0 \times 0.1 \times 0.25 + 0 + 0.5 \times 0.9 \times 0.25 \\ &= 0.2125 \end{aligned}$$

So,

$$P(F|C) = \frac{1.0 \times 0.1 \times 0.25}{0.2125} + \frac{0.5 \times 0.9 \times 0.25}{0.2125} = 0.646$$

2. Let,

F_S and F_H represent that the county will be flooded in a year by snow melting and by hurricanes respectively.

H_0, H_1 and H_2 represent that the county will be hit by none, one and two hurricanes respectively in a year.

$$P(F_S) = 0.10$$

$$P(H_1) = 0.3, P(H_2) = 0.05, P(H_0) = 0.65$$

$$P(F_H|H_0) = 0.0$$

$$P(F_H|H_1) = 0.25, P(\bar{F}_H|H_1) = 0.75$$

$$P(F_H|H_2) = 1 - 0.75^2 = 1 - 0.5625 = 0.4375$$

Using theorem of total probability,

$$\begin{aligned} P(F_H) &= P(F_H|H_0)P(H_0) + P(F_H|H_1)P(H_1) + P(F_H|H_2)P(H_2) \\ &= 0 + 0.25 \times 0.30 + 0.4375 \times 0.05 = 0.096875 \end{aligned}$$

$P(\text{Flood in the county in a year})$

$$= P(F_S \cup F_H) = P(F_S) + P(F_H) - P(F_S F_H)$$

$$= 0.10 + 0.096875 - P(F_S) \cdot P(F_H)$$

$$= 0.196875 - 0.10 \times 0.096875$$

$$= 0.187$$

3. This is a parallel system of two series subsystems.

$$(a) P = 1 - (1 - 0.7)(0.7)(1 - (0.8)(0.8)(0.8)) = 0.7511.$$

$$(b) P = \frac{(A' \cap C \cap D \cap E)}{P(\text{SystemWorks})} = \frac{(0.3)(0.8)(0.8)(0.8)}{0.75112} = 0.2045$$

4. (a) $P(A \cap B \cap C) = P(C|A \cap B) = (0.20)(0.225) = 0.045$.

$$(b) P(A \cap B') = P(B'|A)P(A) = (0.25)(0.3) = 0.075;$$

$$P(A' \cap B') = P(B'|A')P(A') = (0.80)(0.70) = 0.56.$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(B' \cap C) &= P(A \cap B' \cap C) + P(A' \cap B' \cap C) \\ &= P(C|A \cap B')P(A \cap B') + P(C|A' \cap B')P(A' \cap B') \\ &= (0.80)(0.075) + (0.90)(0.56) \\ &= 0.564. \end{aligned}$$

$$(c) P(A' \cap B) = P(B|A')P(A') = (0.20)(0.7) = 0.14$$

$$\text{From (a)} \quad P(A \cap B \cap C) = 0.045$$

$$P(A' \cap B \cap C) = P(C|A' \cap B)P(A' \cap B) = (0.15)(0.14) = 0.021.$$

$$P(A \cap B' \cap C) = P(C|A \cap B')P(A \cap B') = (0.80)(0.075) = 0.060.$$

$$P(A' \cap B' \cap C) = P(C|A' \cap B')P(A' \cap B') = (0.90)(0.56) = 0.504$$

$$P(C) = 0.045 + 0.021 + 0.060 + 0.504 = 0.630.$$

$$(d) P(A|B' \cap C) = P(A \cap B' \cap C) / P(B' \cap C) = (0.06) / (0.564) = 0.1064.$$

5. Referring to the sample space in Exercise 3 and making use of the fact that $P(H) = 2/3$ and $P(T) = 1/3$, we have

$$P(W = -3) = P(TTT) = (1/3)(1/3)(1/3) = 1/27,$$

$$P(W = -1) = P(HTT) + P(THT) + P(TTH) = 3(2/3)(1/3)^2 = 2/9.$$

$$P(W = 1) = P(HHT) + P(HTH) + P(THH) = 3(2/3)^2(1/3) = 4/9.$$

$$P(W = 3) = P(HHH) = (2/3)(2/3)(2/3) = 8/27.$$

The probability distribution for W is then

w	-3	-1	1	3
$P(W = w)$	1/27	2/9	4/9	8/27

$$6. (a) 1 = k \int_{30}^{50} \int_{30}^{50} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$$

$$= k \cdot 10^4 \int_{30}^{50} \int_{30}^{50} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$$

$$= k \cdot 10^4 \int_{30}^{50} \left(\frac{98}{3} + 2y^2 \right) dy = \frac{392k}{3} \cdot 10^4$$

$$k = \frac{3}{392} \cdot 10^{-4}$$

- (b) Find $P(30 \leq X \leq 40, 40 \leq Y \leq 50)$

$$\frac{3}{392} \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 10^4 \int_3^4 \int_4^5 (x^2 + y^2) dy dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{392} \int_3^4 \left(x^2 + \frac{61}{3} \right) dx = \frac{3}{392} \left[\frac{98}{3} \right] = \frac{98}{392} = \frac{49}{196}$$

- (c) $P(30 \leq X \leq 40, 30 \leq Y \leq 40)$

$$\frac{3}{392} \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 10^4 \int_3^4 \int_3^4 (x^2 + y^2) dy dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{392} \int_3^4 \left(x^2 + \frac{37}{3} \right) dx = \frac{3}{392} \left[\frac{74}{3} \right] = \frac{74}{392} = \frac{37}{196}$$